

Attached Appendix A

- Host and Network Monitoring:
 - Collection of Data via Operating System Calls for Minimal Intrusiveness
 - Common Data Formats Across Platforms
 - Distribution of Host and Network Statuses and Performance Histories
 - Discovery of Distributed Environment Configuration Changes
 - Detection of Host Failure
 - Detection of Host Startup
- Application-Level Instrumentation:
 - Low-Overhead Application API's
 - Common User-Specified Instrumentation Data Formats
 - Data Collection and Distribution Architecture
 - Grammar-Driven Event Correlation
- System Specifications:
 - Modeling of Application Systems
 - Structure, Capabilities, and Configuration
 - Requirements and Inter-Dependencies
 - Modeling of Hardware and Network Systems
 - Structure, Capabilities, and Configuration
 - Run-Time Access to Specification Information
 - Run-Time Loading of Specification Information
 - Run-Time Access via Object-Oriented API
- Resource Allocation Decision-Making:
 - Determination of Application-to-Host Mappings
 - Recovery from Hardware and Software Failures
 - Detection of and Recovery from Software Performance Problems
 - Control of Application Scalability
 - Reallocation of Applications to Hosts
 - Reallocation of Applications to Hosts based on Priority Changes
 - Application-to-Host Mappings for New Required Applications
 - Selection of Applications to be Shutdown
 - Resolution of Inter-Application Startup Dependencies
- Resource Control:
 - Startup, Shutdown, and Configuration of Distributed Applications
 - Interactive Operator Control via Operator Display
 - Creation of Defined System Configurations
 - Loading of Pre-defined System Configurations
 - Startup, Shutdown, and Configuration of Individual Applications
 - Automatic Control via Resource Manager Orders
 - Failure Detection Capabilities
 - Application Failure Detection via Interrupt Notification
 - Host Failure Detection via Internal Heartbeat Mechanism
- Displays / Visualization:
 - Host Configuration and Performance
 - Network Configuration and Performance
 - Application Software Performance
 - Resource Allocation Decisions and State Information
 - Software Status and Configuration
 - User-Configurable Instrumentation Display
 - Near Real-Time Display of Information
- Middleware:
 - Reliable Message Passing
 - Location-Transparent TCP Client-Server Configuration
 - Automated Connections and ReconNECTIONS
 - Client and Server detection via UDP multicast
 - Many-to-Many Client-Server Connections supported
 - Message Callback Function Registration
 - TCP Connection Status Change Callback Function Registration

Attached Appendix B:

1) Event data message header:

```
long total_bytes          // total number of bytes in the event data message
long message_type         // message type designator *
char version[8]           // version of Instrumentation APIs *
char test_name[24]         // test name for this event
double timetag             // time stamp of when this event data message was sent

unsigned int gmt_time
unsigned int event_num
char process_name[24]
long pid
char host_name[64]
long ip_addr
long tid
unsigned int thread_type
unsigned int sequence_num
double time_in_client
double time_server_received
double time_server_sent
```

// GMT time stamp
// event number
// name of application sending event data message
// process id of application sending event data message
// host name that application is running on
// ip address of host
// task id of application sending event data message
// thread type
// sequence number of the event data message
// time the API was called to create event data message
// time the Instrumentation Daemon read in this event data message
// time the Instrumentation Daemon sent event data message to the Instrumentation Collector

2) The event data message format string contains data field names and format specifiers for each data field. The following data specifiers (borrowed from ANSI C) are supported:

%*r	: raw data, user defined, and number of bytes
%hi	: short signed 16 bit integer
%hd	: short signed 16 bit integer
%hu	: short unsigned 16 bit integer
%li	: long signed 32 bit integer
%ld	: long signed 32 bit integer
%lu	: long unsigned 32 bit integer
%lf	: IEEE double precision floating point - signed 64 bit floating point

```
%s    : null-terminated string data
%c    : character
%f    : IEEE single precision floating point - signed 32 bit floating point
%i    : signed 32 bit integer
%d    : signed 32 bit integer
%u    : unsigned 32 bit integer
```

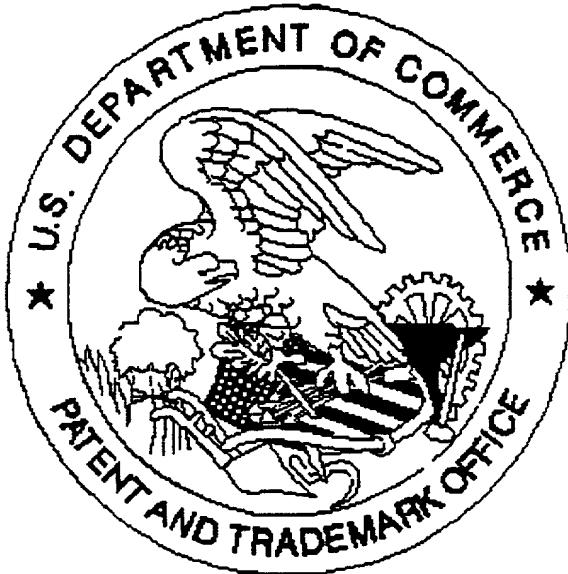
Event string example: "StartTime %f StopTime %f TrackNumber %u Hostname %s"

3) The data fields are then packed using the `MessageBuffer` class described in [Appendix A](#) of the RMComms Middleware Design Report.

Attached Appendix C

Class	Description
TCPCommClient	RMComms client server communication client services: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ client configuration <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - client name, server port number, network interface to use (optional) ▪ connection and disconnection to servers <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - all servers, specific servers, or servers on specific hosts ▪ sending user-defined messages to connected servers <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - send to all servers or only to specific servers ▪ receiving user-defined messages from connected servers <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - registration of message handler callback functions for specific messages - polled or asynchronous message delivery ▪ monitoring of server connection statuses <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - queries to determine connected server statuses - notification of new server connections or broken server connections
TCPCommServer	RMComms client-server communication server services: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ server configuration <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - server name, server port number, network interface to use (optional) ▪ connection to new clients ▪ sending user-defined messages to connected clients <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - send to all clients or only to specific clients ▪ receiving user-defined messages from connected clients <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - registration of message handler callback functions for specific messages - polled or asynchronous message delivery ▪ monitoring of client connection statuses <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - queries to determine connected client statuses - notification of new client connections or broken client connections
TimeUtils	Clock access and time conversion services: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ read system clock time ▪ time conversions between GMT and local time ▪ time conversions to hours, minutes, seconds, day, month, year
SignalRegistry	User-defined signal (interrupt) handler registration services: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ register a signal handler function for a specified signal <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - invoked when interrupt occurs ▪ unregister a signal handler function for a specified signal

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